

The Public Schools of Brookline



FY 2020 Preliminary Budget

2019 Annual Town Meeting

Budget Overview

Version: February 14, 2019

Public Hearing Budget Overview

The Fiscal Year 2020 budget is built to support the Public Schools of Brookline's mission to ensure that every student develops the skills and knowledge to pursue a productive and fulfilling life, to participate thoughtfully in a democracy, and succeed in a diverse and evolving global society. The budget rests on two foundational beliefs:

1. Brookline should expect nothing less than exceptional and equitable outcomes for all of our learners. We must use our resources to ensure that we enable every student to succeed at high levels.
2. In an effective school system, what takes place in our classrooms and our schools matters the most. The resources of the district must be organized in a way that recognizes the centrality of our classrooms. As such, administration supports principals as instructional leaders, so principals can support educators, and educators can support each and every one of our students.

Through our budget choices, the school district is organized so that we support high quality instruction at all levels, prioritize the work that happens between students and educators in our classrooms, and build on our strengths and our challenges openly.

Our primary focus remains high quality teaching and learning for all students and especially for students in groups we know are disproportionately impacted by opportunity and outcome gaps - including race, income, disability, and language status. This budget prioritizes the staffing, program, and materials needed to ensure educators have the resources needed to support individual student needs.

As a district, we must support students and educators - both inside and outside of the classroom. To that end, the choices made in the FY2020 budget support the Public Schools of Brookline's five core values. The district's work in support of these core values is guided by the three-year goals put forth during the development of the FY2019-2021 override budget. These goals focus on maintaining the quality of education, programs and services in the face of historic and ongoing enrollment growth; and on maintaining small class sizes and the resources needed to fund new student support positions in guidance, nursing and English Learner instructors in order to lower student/educator ratios. These goals also continue the work on critical priorities, including educational equity, restorative practices, professional development, and curricula review and renewal.

Since Town voters approved the three-year operating override in May 2018, both the revenue and expense outlooks have changed significantly. These changes have resulted in three unanticipated fiscal challenges that affect the budget in the following ways:

1. Significant changes downward in the Town's growth estimates of new revenue, along with an increase to the school department's charge for pension liability and increased expenses charged to other Town departments, are currently resulting in a net revenue loss to the PSB of \$626,254.
2. Revenue from revolving funds and other sources of revenue, including transfers and offsets, are no longer allowed to be considered, resulting in a net revenue loss of \$406,714.
3. Unanticipated increases in mandated expenses, mainly a 27% increase in out-of-district tuition expenses, are increasing the special education budget for FY2020.

Combined, the two revenue reductions result in a deficit of \$1,032,968 that impacts the FY2020 budget. In the face of these challenges, the FY2020 budget request focuses on three primary areas, all designed to maintain the commitment to small classes, to increased staffing and improved services, and to strategic investments identified in the 2018 and prior operating overrides:

1. *Maintaining current staffing levels and fulfilling our contractual obligations* - As with all school systems, the majority of PSB's budget pays for teachers and other school-based personnel. Sixty-seven percent (67%) of the FY2020 budget increase funds the contractually obligated costs of maintaining our existing staff. In this presentation of the budget, a pool of funds equivalent to a 2% increase in cost of living (COLA) and equivalent to a 3% increase to cover all known contractual obligations for steps and lanes is included. This funding is within the 2018 override projection for FY2020. Holding this pool of funds in reserve pending the speedy resolution of our Unit A, Unit B, and paraprofessional contracts before they expire in 2019 remains a priority despite the significant FY2020 fiscal challenges.
2. *Responding to our ongoing increases in enrollment and the complexity of student needs* - Brookline's historic enrollment growth, which has been affecting the K-8 elementary schools since 2005, is now impacting Brookline High School. Since 2005, the district's K-8 student population has grown by 41%, or 1599 students. During that same time, Brookline High School grew by 11%, or 203 students. Over the next five years, high school enrollment is projected to accelerate and increase by an additional 21%, or 429 students. To keep pace with this ongoing growth, the FY2020 budget allocates increases in staff in several key areas. This includes the following commitments:
 - 7.0 FTE scheduled as a part of the 2018 override to support BHS enrollment growth
 - 3.0 FTEs for guidance (K-8), nursing, and English Learner (EL) instruction
 - 1.0 FTE for an additional educational leader position at Brookline High School
 - A 27% increase in funding for out-of-district tuition to ensure that the PSB fulfills our moral and legal obligations to provide a free and appropriate public education in the least restrictive environment to all students

3. *Continuing commitment to strategic investments approved by voters in 2018* - In the face of a significant operating deficit, the FY2020 budget maintains the strategic investments approved by voters in 2018. These include:
- Hiring a Senior Director for Educational Equity
 - Increase in professional development funds to support district-wide professional development on Diversity, Equity and Inclusion
 - Funding, at appropriate levels, of the resources necessary to support implementation of math program review recommendations, including funding for materials and professional development.
 - Funding the District’s Financial Assistance policy.
 - Funding to subsidize transportation services for high school students living in South Brookline.
 - Holding in reserve funds above the 2% COLA, steps and lanes for paraprofessional collective bargaining.

This budget overview is organized into four sections designed to explain in detail the major forces affecting the FY2020 budget and provide a high-level summary of the budget focusing on major revenue and expenditure categories.

Section I	Primary Drivers of the FY 2020 Budget: Our Core Values and our District-Wide Priorities
Section II	FY19-FY21 Original Override Projection
Section III	Summary of Expenses
Section IV	Summary of FY2020 Budget Revenues

Section I – The Primary Drivers of the FY 2020 Budget

The FY2020 budget request is driven by three primary forces:

1. The Public Schools of Brookline’s five core values and four district-wide goals;
2. Maintaining the quality of the education, programs, and services in the face of historic and ongoing enrollment growth; and
3. The commitments made in the Operating Overrides approved by Brookline voters in 2018 and prior overrides.

Five Core Values guide the Public Schools of Brookline

Our five Core Values inform all of PSB’s work: everything from budget decisions to each building’s School Improvement Plan. The aspirations underlying each of the Public Schools of Brookline’s five Core Values are defined below. Pursuit of these values guides how we allocate our funding, people and time and are reflected in the FY 2019 override budget.

High Achievement for All

The Public Schools of Brookline inspires our students to develop a passion for learning. We support students through strong relationships to become invested in their learning, develop the confidence and persistence to grow as learners, and meet their goals for success in and beyond school. To pursue our value of all students achieving at high levels, the PSB is committed to and the FY 2019 override budget supports:

- Maintaining small class sizes.
- Quality early childhood education.
- Inclusive classrooms and district-wide Special Education programs.
- A comprehensive high school curriculum with an extensive variety of opportunities and programs.
- Math Program Review.
- Differentiated instruction for all learners PK-12.

Educational Equity

The Public Schools of Brookline identifies, understands, and eliminates barriers to educational achievement in our schools. Educators in every school provide their students with the support needed to reach and exceed Brookline’s high standards. To pursue educational equity, the PSB is committed to and the FY 2019 override budget supports:

- District-wide Strategies such as:
 - High quality curriculum across all grades and all schools.
 - Inclusive classrooms with educators and specialized instructional personnel.
 - High quality professional development opportunities and supports focusing on instructional coaching and collaboration.
 - Specialized programs and services district-wide in support of access for all learners.
 - Literacy and Math Specialists across schools to provide support and create high outcomes for all students.
 - Child Study Teams individualizing student interventions and extensions.
 - District-wide and school specific professional development on equity.

- District-wide equitable access to educational technology.
- Targeted Support Programs such as:
 - The Calculus Project.
 - African American and Latino Scholars.
 - Young Scholars.
 - Steps to Success.
 - Alternative Choices in Education (ACE) – an intensive and personalized alternative pathway for BHS students.
 - Leveled Literacy Interventions.
 - School Within a School.

Excellence in Teaching

The Public Schools of Brookline understands that passionate, knowledgeable, and skillful educators are the core strength of our schools. To support excellent instruction throughout our schools, the PSB is committed to and the FY 2019 override budget supports:

- Strong, effective mentoring programs for all new staff and administrators.
- A meaningful and structured approach to educator evaluation and support.
- Instructional coaching and professional development for teachers in math, literacy, educational technology, and Enrichment and Challenge Support.
- Recruiting and retaining outstanding educators.
- Job-embedded professional development on early release dates.
- A wide variety of professional learning opportunities.

Respect for Human Differences

The Public Schools of Brookline provides a safe environment for expressing and exploring human differences and commonalities. Our schools create caring and understanding communities that promote a deep sense of belonging and respect for all. To support respect for human differences throughout our schools, the PSB is committed to and the FY 2019 override budget supports:

- Meeting individual student needs through social-emotional learning at the K-8 schools and the high school.
- Professional development focused on bias and anti-racism.
- Ongoing review of instructional material to make them more representative of the diversity of our students and families.
- The METCO Program.
- Comprehensive district-wide Special Education opportunities.
- Robust school-based and District-wide English Learner programs.
- The School Within-a-School program at BHS.
- Bullying prevention in all of the K-8 schools.
- Providing support to students through the Advisory Program at BHS.
- Ongoing commitment to development of Cultural Proficiency in students and staff.

Collaboration

The Public Schools of Brookline commits to collaboration in all aspects of education to foster interaction among diverse viewpoints and to broaden learning opportunities for our students, educators, and community. Collaboration among faculty and between schools and our long-standing community-based

partners creates the shared ownership of our schools that adds value to the lives of all community members. To support collaboration, the PSB is committed to and the FY 2019 override budget supports:

- Collaboration among faculty and administrators:
 - Child Study Teams.
 - Common planning time where faculty members collaborate on lesson planning, assessing student work and improving instruction.
 - School-based collaborative study groups where faculty members study topics related to strengthening instruction and improving their practice.
 - Curriculum coordinators visiting classes in teams and principals doing learning walks in all schools.
- Essential partnerships:
 - Parent Teacher Organizations, School Site Councils, and other specific parent groups (e.g., Special Education Advisory Council, Steps to Success parent group).
 - Brookline Education Foundation.
 - The Innovation Fund.
 - Brookline Community Foundation.
 - The Brookline Community Mental Health Center.
 - Municipal Departments:
 - Building Department and the Public Building Division – Facilities Maintenance, Repair, and Replacement.
 - The Public Library of Brookline – Education Technology and Library Services partnership.
 - Parks and Open Space – Playgrounds and Fields.
 - Police/Fire – Emergency Planning and Response.
 - DPW – Sidewalks, grounds maintenance and snow removal.
- Extended Day and enrichment programs in all K-8 schools

Section II – 2018 Proposition 2 ½ Override and Debt Exclusion

Against enrollment increases, growth of revenues in real dollars has been constrained by local revenue growth and the fixed nature of Proposition 2½. Because local revenue has not kept pace with the growth of students enrolled in the Public Schools of Brookline, the Town sought an operating override in May of 2018 to add resources to school and municipal budgets. The Town was presented with the option of raising their tax levy by \$6,575,425. \$5,473,642 of that amount was to be allocated to the School Department. The breakdown of the three year override is as follows:

	FY 2019 Override	FY2020	FY2021	Totals	New Revenue	3 YR Total
3 Year Funding Plan by Source of Funds						
School Department	\$ 1,944,574	\$ 3,139,505	\$ 389,563	5,473,642	} 5,873,642	}
Public Buildings	200,000	200,000		400,000		
Municipal Departments	701,783	-	-	701,783		
Proposed Tax Levy Override	2,846,357	3,339,505	389,563	6,575,425		
Town GIC Portion	\$ 349,058			\$ 349,058	} 443,871	}
Public Buildings Portion	34,196			34,196		
School Department Portion	409,675	-	-	409,675		
Employee Health Insurance Savings (GIC)	792,929	-	-	792,929		
Public Facilities Portion	75,000			75,000	} 8,375,132	}
BHS Busing - Local Receipts	75,000			75,000		
School Department Portion	3,644,085	3,399,413	3,634,633	10,678,131		
Town/School Partnership Revenue	3,794,085	3,399,413	3,634,633	10,828,131		
Non Property Tax Revenue			2,057,619	2,057,619	2,057,619	
School Revenue Offset	(1,236,295)	21,507	22,152	(1,192,636)		
Totals	6,197,076	6,760,425	6,103,967	19,061,468		

*COMPANION DOCUMENT: <http://www.brooklinema.gov/DocumentCenter/View/13851>

Included below are School Department financial projections for FY 2019 – FY 2021 operating funds as of April 23, 2018. The \$1,032,968 decrease in revenue from this financial projection along with the anticipated 27% growth in out-of-district tuition expenses are the drivers of the current budget deficit. The resources needed to fulfill our promise to every student as well as all the commitments made in the 2018 and prior year operating overrides were projected as follows.

FY 2019 – FY 2021 School Department Budget Projections as of 4/23/2018

The FY 2019 – FY 2021 School Department preliminary financial projection is provided in a summary format. The purpose of this projection is to provide a baseline expenditure rate of the school district for what is currently being provided. The projection does not include

- The cost of adding new school buildings (such as the 9th Elementary School) or their operating costs,
- New initiatives,
- Employee benefit rate plan increases, or
- Technology expansion.

Line #		FY 19-FY 21 Override Budget		
		FY 19	FY 20	FY 21
1	Base Level Revenue Available (base level; Tax Levy, Local Receipts, other Town revenue before additional funds from override and other fees/s)	\$3,719,085	\$3,399,413	\$3,634,633
2	New Revenue (additional funds projected by SB based on override and other fees/sources)	\$2,421,912	\$3,382,930	\$2,570,290
3	Revenue Offsets (Circuit Breaker Reimbursement and Materials Fee)	\$(1,236,295)	\$21,507	\$22,152
Total Base without Mandates or Maintenance of Effort		\$2,569,030	\$4,595,120	\$4,761,889
Total Enrollment Growth		\$1,630,006	\$1,511,446	\$1,428,204
Subtotal Critical New Investments		\$705,666	\$ 697,284	\$36,983
56	Total New Investments to Operating Budget	\$4,904,702	\$6,803,850	\$6,227,075
58	Total Budget Request	\$113,793,421	\$120,597,270	\$126,824,346

SC Balanced Budget with Override Revenue

Economic Assumptions in the FY2020 budget

The FY2020 budget assumes a continuation of FY2019 programs and services, with limited enrollment expansion to adjust for teachers and educational leaders for Brookline High School as outlined in the 2018 override.

Salaries

Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA 2%): The 2018 Override assumed that all contracts and collective bargaining agreements will not collectively exceed a 2% COLA per year increase for FY2019-FY2021. This assumption has been included as an overarching 2% applied to the base of the total salary budget of the prior year. COLA adjustments are included in each of the years and compounded once from year to year. The School Committee has settled the AFSCME Custodial bargaining unit contract and is currently bargaining the AFSCME - Food Service agreement. The School Committee will begin bargaining for the FY 2019 - FY 2021 AFSCME - BESA agreement shortly. Currently the School Committee has proposed meeting dates to the Brookline Educators Union to begin negotiations for the FY2020 – FY2022 contracts and is awaiting a response.

Steps and Lanes (3%): The 2018 Override assumed salary increases of 3% per year for FY2019-FY2021 across all contracts and collective bargaining agreements for Steps and Lanes. This has been included as an overarching 3% applied to the base of the total salary budget of the prior year.

Step Changes: A one-year analysis has been completed using the 1st Quarter FY2019 Financial Projection of the current employees and the step increases they will receive in FY 2020. We do not yet have complete multi-year trend data to determine if the three variables that impact this percentage increase are historically accurate. The three variables are the step at hiring of new employees on the salary table, the turnover of retirees and new hires, and the number of FTEs at top step.

Lane Changes: Teachers are required to renew their teaching licenses every five years with the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education. A byproduct of the renewal process is often additional college coursework and credits that can result in a teacher being eligible for what is termed a “Lane change.” A Lane change occurs when an educator moves from one-degree Lane/grade to another. For example, it is not uncommon for new teachers to move from a Bachelor's Lane/Grade to a

Masters Lane/Grade that maintains their same step level within a year or two years of employment. The amount used is an average \$10,000 cost impact for a Lane change and 25 teachers per year requesting an adjustment. The total increase due to Lane changes is included in the 3% for steps and lanes.

As projected in the 2018 three-year override budget, the average combined increase for steps and lanes being used across the pool of all employees is 3%. Due to the variance by bargaining unit, and the variance of the steps within each grade and step table, the analysis uses a number that is rounded up to the next whole percentage. Note that no step increases are provided for in our Administration and non-aligned employee groups where steps do not already exist. Any pay adjustments for non-aligned employees must be funded through the operating budget request process and or by School Committee adjusting the salary range for these positions. The Superintendent has discretion to designate compensation within the School Committee voted range for these employees. In addition \$148,947 is held in reserve above these totals specifically for paraprofessional bargaining.

Turnover/Resignations/Retirement Savings: Every year there are 70-100 employees who make decisions to leave the district for reasons that include retirement, promotion, geographic relocation, or other life changes. It is important to acknowledge that many times these employee departures generate savings due to hiring people at a lower rate than their experienced predecessor. Therefore, an amount is deducted from the projection as well as from the general operating budget request annually. The FY 2020 assumption is \$800,000 for all bargaining units. In FY2019 the assumption used was \$800,000, and in FY 2017 and FY2018 an assumption of \$1,000,000 was used. This higher level proved unsustainable after two years.

Enrollment Driven Personnel Increases: The district has the working assumption that additional employees will be added to the district each budget cycle as enrollment increases. The assumption is that the average cost of each new FTE is a Unit A Teacher hired at an average of Masters, Step 5, including the cost of benefits. Enrollment driven increases include classroom positions, increases in student services (such as nursing, guidance, English learner educators), and educational leaders required to meet enrollment driven needs.

Expenses

CPI (2 %): Using the New England Consumer Price Index Card for a general sense of where the economy for supplies and materials, an average of 2% was used. The actual CPI is closer to 1.7%. No other expense projections include additional COLA or CPI to prevent compounding.

Program Review: The district is facing updates and upgrades to its curriculum over the next few years. The Mathematics Program Review began in FY19. The \$371,880 in the FY 20 Override Request acknowledges that the district will need to permanently fund curriculum adoptions as the Curriculum/Program Reviews are completed. As Math Program Review progresses, other Program Reviews will begin on a rolling basis thereby requiring expenditures to fund curriculum updates and professional development support for teachers to prepare them for implementing new curriculum.

Enrollment (\$200 per student increment for net growth of 200 students per year, no COLA adjustment): Generally, as a net number of students arrive into the district we can accommodate their

supply and material needs. However, there is occasionally a tipping point at which an impact is felt and supply budgets need to be increased permanently. The district does not yet budget on a per pupil basis for supplies and materials so an average of \$200 per student is being used based on prior experience.

Special Education/504/Accommodations: The estimate provided is above and beyond the general education needs. Occasionally, additional equipment is needed and required in order for students to access the education that is not available in the regular classrooms.

Out of District Tuitions: The Town is responsible for the out of district tuition expenses for Special Education, Charter, School Choice, Vocational, and Agricultural schools. We most commonly budget for Special Education Tuition. However, the Cherry Sheet deducts the cost of Charter and School Choice students along with wards of the state that are in hospital schools. The \$300,000 is included to assume an approximate 5% increase in the total tuition assessments to the Town for all types of non-Public School of Brookline costs.

2018 Operating Override Three year Projection Detail as of 4/23/2018:

2018 Override	FY 19-FY 21 Override Budget		
	FY 19	FY 20	FY 21
Revenue			
Base Level Revenue Available (base level; Tax Levy, Local Receipts, other Town revenue before additional funds from override and other fees/s)	\$3,719,085	\$3,399,413	\$ 3,634,633
New Revenue (additional funds projected by SB based on override and other fees/sources)	\$2,421,912	\$3,382,930	\$2,570,290
<i>Revenue Offsets (Circuit Breaker Reimbursement and Materials Fee)</i>	\$(1,236,295)	\$21,507	\$22,152
Net New Revenue	\$4,904,702	\$6,803,850	\$6,227,075

Preliminary Base Budget Request (maintenance of effort)			
Personnel			
Collective Bargaining Agreements/Projections (2% COLA)	\$4,392,074	\$1,973,763	\$2,013,238
Collective Bargaining Agreements/Projections (3% Steps)		\$ 2,828,882	\$2,913,749
Turnover Savings (Retirement/Resignation/Termination)	\$(800,000)	\$ (675,000)	\$ (675,000)
Reclassification of Finance Staff (3 vacancies - Admin Asst, Financial Analyst - Payroll Mgr, Financial Analyst - Budget)	\$(53,171)		
Coolidge Corner School Opening: Reduction and redistribution due to 2 buildings being open rather than one	\$(68,000)		
Professional Development - Substitute Days - Modified the scheduling of Early Release Days	\$(100,000)		
OverMax Aides	\$133,400		
Eliminate Planning and Communications Specialist	\$(62,424)		
Eliminate START	\$(177,268)		
Eliminate Admin Asst (Student Services)	\$(40,000)		
Expenses			
Benefits Reserve is initially set to \$0 and reflects in both budgets the net savings/reserve for FTE reductions and additions	\$(37,892)	\$ 167,475	\$209,902
Literacy Collaborative PD Funds -- brought fully in-house	\$(77,000)		
Building Services Expenses	\$(18,690)		
Tuition Budget Reduction (Students Aging Out and/or returning to the district)	\$(522,000)	\$300,000	\$300,000
Total Base without Mandates or Maintenance of Effort	\$2,569,030	\$4,595,120	\$4,761,889
Enrollment Growth			
Personnel			
Classroom Staff (FY19 = 10, FY20 = 10, FY21= 15, FY22 = 17, FY 23 = 5) = Avg 21 students	\$680,000	\$693,600	\$1,061,208
Nurse, Guidance, ELL/Other (3 Unit A per each year - avg \$68k + COLA) - Sustains Ratios	\$204,000	\$208,080	\$212,242

2018 Override	FY 19-FY 21 Override Budget		
	FY 19	FY 20	FY 21
Maintain Educational Leader Ratio of 250:1 (Non-override: Lawrence VP, BHS Assoc Dean. Override Budget adds: FY 20 1.0 Assoc Head Master and FY 21 0.8 BHS Assoc Dean due to enrollment increases)	\$240,000	\$ 120,000	\$96,000
Defund Lesley University Intern Program	\$(85,380)		
BESA and Custodian for BHS Expansion	\$60,000	\$ 60,000	
Expenses			
Transportation (Mandated In-District Special Education and Contract Increases)	\$234,826	\$ 3,522	\$ 3,575
Transportation (Regular Ed Contract Increase)	\$53,560	\$54,363	\$ 55,179
Financial Assistance Policy (9% of students x \$250 avg)	\$175,000		
Program Review Materials (Supplies and Materials Adoptions for Math and subsequent subjects) Review FY18-19; Adoption FY20.		\$371,880	
504 Services and Supports (non-special education)	\$68,000		
Total Enrollment Growth	\$ 1,630,006	\$1,511,446	\$1,428,204
Subtotal New Revenue Needed for Maintenance of Effort Only	\$4,199,036	\$6,106,566	\$6,190,092
Maintenance of Effort - Balance/(Deficit)	\$705,666	\$ 697,284	\$ 36,983

Strategic New Investments			
Personnel			
Professional Development: Override Budget Sr Dir Equity and embedded PD for Unit A	\$130,000	\$280,000	
Restorative Justice (funds to support professional development)	\$65,000		
BHS Transportation - Fee based offset plus admin support (Overtime net of fees)	\$15,000		
Expenses			
AntiDefamation League Middle School	\$20,000		
BHS Transportation - Implementation of Fee Based Bussing for South Brookline	\$117,200		
Supplies and Materials - Original \$621k would remove supply lists sent home and expand with enrollment (\$50-\$135 range per pupil, by grade level); the \$89k remaining minimally addresses enrollment and price increases of supplies already provided by PSB	\$24,270	\$28,337	\$36,983
Response to Intervention Programs and Practices (General Education)	\$100,000		
NEASC – BHS		\$40,000	
Pending Contract Negotiations: Additional funds for paraprofessional wages (full amount requested = \$529k; amount funded by SB = \$0; amount reserved by SC is \$148k)		\$148,947	

2018 Override	FY 19-FY 21 Override Budget		
	FY 19	FY 20	FY 21
Public Buildings Division (Original Request \$625k, Opening Coolidge Corner School FY 2019/BHS FY 2021/Opening 9th School FY 2022; No override \$75k annually minimally meets inflation plus \$24,196 Town/School Partnership Correction. The Override does not address BHS opening, but begins to address maintenance needs)	\$234,196	\$ 200,000	
Subtotal Strategic New Investments	\$705,666	\$697,284	\$36,983

Total New Investments to Operating Budget	\$4,904,702	\$6,803,850	\$6,227,075
Total New Revenue Needed for Maintenance of Effort and New Investments	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
	(Over)/Under Avail Rev.		
Total Budget Request	\$113,793,421	\$120,597,270	\$126,824,346

Section III – Summary of Expenses

The proposed FY 2020 budget is designed to continue the commitments to taxpayers made during the 2018 and prior overrides. As recently as the 2018 Override, the School Committee presented the Town with an override request \$2 million over what was approved and funded. FY 18 closed with a \$475,000 deficit that was balanced using Chapter 70 funds, the Benefit Reserve Account and Special Education Tuition Account that was partially backfilled by Circuit Breaker claim funds over projection from the FY 19 budget. All of which indicate that the district can no longer carry the structural deficit problem by managing the deficit through attrition and unexpended expense lines. While both the 2018 and 2015 operating budget overrides began to address the enrollment challenges and set our schools on a path towards greater stability, improved services, and better support for all of our students, there is still a funding gap.

Program	Exp.	FY18 ACTUAL		FY19 Budget		FY20 BUDGET PRELIMINARY		FY20 PRELIM Bud - FY19 Bud Variance	
		FTE	EXP.	FTE	EXP.	FTE	EXP.	FTE	EXP.
Gross School Dept. Budget									
Personnel		1,240.49	\$94,622,356	1,276.72	\$ 98,478,447	1,313.71	\$ 104,341,790	36.98	\$ 5,863,342
Expenditures									
Services			\$9,741,002		\$ 10,542,721		\$ 11,674,558		\$ 1,131,837
Supplies			\$1,922,502		\$ 2,051,297		\$ 1,869,406		\$ (181,892)
Other			\$593,018		\$ 1,288,570		\$ 1,088,648		\$ (199,922)
Capital			\$1,140,010		\$ 1,364,723		\$ 1,194,647		\$ (170,076)
Total			\$ 108,018,889		\$ 113,725,760		\$ 120,169,049	5.67%	\$ 6,443,289

The FY 2020 budget expenditures focus on three primary areas designed to maintain the increased staffing and improved support services provided since 2015 as well as implement the limited number of strategic investments from the 2018 override in our work to address equity throughout the system.

- Maintaining current staffing levels and fulfilling our contractual obligations** - As with all school systems, the majority of PSB’s budget pays for teachers and other school-based personnel. Approximately 86% of the FY2020 budget is personnel expense. 67% of the FY2020 budget increase pays for the contractually obligated costs of maintaining our existing staff including cost of living adjustments (2%) and step and lane advancements (3%).
- Responding to our ongoing enrollment growth** - As detailed in the budget overview, Brookline’s historic enrollment growth that has been affecting the K-8 elementary schools since 2005 is now impacting the high school. To keep pace with this ongoing growth the FY 2020 budget requests limited increases in staff at Brookline High School and student service support.
- Implementing 2018 override’s limited number of strategic investments** – Despite significant fiscal challenges, the FY2020 budget maintains the strategic investments approved by voters in 2018.

As our projected operating deficits continue to exist in the upcoming years, the senior management team, principals, and other budget managers will continue work on scheduling, staffing, hiring and programming to find improvements that maintain quality while curtailing expenditures. Our ongoing efforts to find efficiencies and to retool and revamp programs will necessarily result in further reallocation and realignment. PSB’s primary mission is to be in service to students, and we need to fulfill

that mission within the reasonable financial limits set by our community.

Personnel

In the FY 2020 budget, all salary line items reflect each employee budgeted at their appropriate step and lane.

Row Labels	Sum of FY20 SALARY
AFSCME CUSTODIANS	\$ 2,480,979
BEU - BESA	\$ 2,327,109
BEU - PARAPROFESSIONALS	\$ 8,704,338
BEU - UNIT A	\$ 77,410,346
BEU - UNIT A ATHLETIC STIPEND	\$ 459,766
BEU - UNIT B	\$ 4,994,105
NON - ALIGNED	\$ 5,697,794
NU INTERN	\$ 107,505
STIPEND	\$ 1,180,071
SUBSTITUTE	\$ 917,895
TOWN	\$ 61,884
Grand Total	\$ 104,341,790

Contract Negotiations

The FY 2020 budget requests contain funding to address future Collective Bargaining Negotiations for three BEU contracts and the three AFSCME units. Included in the proposed budget is funding to support the anticipated salary movement for step and level advancement of all school employees.

Starting in FY19 the district budgeted for standardized work schedules for a portion of the paraprofessional group to have a seven hour day with a 30 minute unpaid lunch. This extension of the paraprofessional day allows schools to better support students, better operationalize building arrival/dismissal, efficiently provide services, and allow for collaboration and training time with administrators, teachers, and staff.

Other Personnel Account Changes

The FY 2020 budget uses a practice of applying a salary differential, attrition, or turnover savings to reduce the total cost of personnel funding. The practice estimates a savings due to employee turnover (resignation, retirement, termination, or reduction in force). The offset used this year is \$800,000. The budget experiences an estimated turnover saving of approximately \$600,000 for BEU Unit A, and \$100,000 for BEU Paraprofessionals, and \$100,000 for Unit B, AFSCME and Unaligned.

FY 2020 Non-Salary Expenditure Changes

Transfer and Reduction of Line Items

In prior years, the School Department utilized a variety of reserve and contingency accounts to support critical program priorities in light of uncertain and unpredictable changes in enrollment, special education, and unanticipated expenditures. School Committee repeatedly expressed its concern that due to the overall tightness of the budget, there is less ability to absorb unforeseen events as in prior years. The School Department is managing this tightness with greater accuracy in budgeting and reporting.

The budget also continues to include the net transfers of establishing accurate and correct budgeting for the Office of Teaching and Learning and Office of Student Services program areas to show budget and expenditure by school as required by the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education End of Year Financial Reporting. Explanations of line item changes and reductions are provided in the program budget detail.

Benefit Reserve

We anticipate that the additional new positions will result in 15 additional health insurance subscribers. The average cost of benefits used for new staff is approximately **\$11,150** per adjusted FTE. Actual benefit impact will be reconciled as part of the ongoing budget deliberations. The final listing of staff being added to the FY 2020 budget will be adjusted as efficiencies and tradeoffs are made internally by the Superintendent.

Highlights in the FY 2020 Override Budget

The FY 2020 override budget provides funds to continue advancing important educational practices and needed resources and staffing as follows in the three priority areas:

1. **Maintaining current staffing levels, fulfilling our contractual obligations, and cost efficiencies and reductions**
2. **Addressing enrollment growth**
3. **Investing in a Limited Number of Strategic Priorities**

	FY 19-FY 20 Override Budget Update		
	FY 20 Override Budget	FY20 Modification	FY20 Change
Revenue			
Base Level Revenue Available (base level; Tax Levy, Local Receipts, other Town revenue before additional funds from override and other fees/s)	\$3,199,413	\$ 2,915,849	\$(283,564)
Public Building Division portion of Revenue	\$ 200,000		\$(200,000)
New Revenue (additional funds projected by SB based on override and other fees/sources)	\$3,382,930	\$ 3,382,930	
<i>Revenue Offsets (Circuit Breaker Reimbursement and Materials Fee)</i>	\$ 21,507	\$ (406,744)	\$(428,251)
Net New Revenue	\$6,803,850	\$ 5,892,035	\$(911,815)
Public Building Division portion of Revenue			
Operating Budget Adjustment: Establishment of Transportation Revolving Fund		\$ (75,000)	\$(75,000)
Total Adjusted Revenue	\$6,803,850	\$ 5,817,035	\$(986,815)

	FY 19-FY 20 Override Budget Update		
	FY 20 Override Budget	FY20 Modification	FY20 Change

Preliminary Base Budget Request (maintenance of effort)			
Personnel			
Collective Bargaining Agreements/Projections (2% COLA)	\$1,973,763	\$4,4593,764	\$(342,881)* Turnover savings
Collective Bargaining Agreements/Projections (3% Steps)	\$2,828,882		
Turnover Savings (Retirement/Resignation/Termination)	\$ (675,000)	\$ (800,000)	\$(125,000)
Personnel Adjustment		\$ (129,325)	
Expenses			
Benefits Reserve is initially set to \$0 and reflects in both budgets the net savings/reserve for FTE reductions and additions	\$ 167,475	\$ 167,475	\$ -
Literacy Collaborative PD Funds -- brought fully in-house			
Building Services Expenses			
Tuition Budget Reduction (Students Aging Out and/or returning to the district)	\$ 300,000	\$ 1,126,087	\$826,087
Legal Services	\$ -	\$11,389	\$11,389
Total Base without Mandates or Maintenance of Effort	\$4,595,120	\$ 4,903,390	\$308,270

Enrollment Growth			
Personnel			
Classroom Staff (FY19 = 10, FY20 = 10, FY21= 15, FY22 = 17, FY 23 = 5) = Avg 21 students	\$ 693,600	\$ 551,113	\$(142,487)
Nurse, Guidance, ELL/Other (3 Unit A per each year - avg \$68k + COLA) - Sustains Ratios	\$ 208,080	\$ 216,345	\$ 8,265
Maintain Educational Leader Ratio of 250:1 (Non-override: Lawrence VP, BHS Assoc Dean. Override Budget adds: FY 20 1.0 Assoc Head Master and FY 21 0.8 BHS Assoc Dean due to enrollment increases)	\$ 120,000	\$ 120,000	\$ -
BESA and Custodian for BHS Expansion	\$ 60,000	\$ 48,715	\$(11,285)
Expenses			
Transportation (Mandated In-District Special Education and Contract Increases)	\$3,522	\$ 62,829	\$ 59,307
Transportation (Regular Ed Contract Increase)	\$ 54,363	\$ (55,363)	\$(109,726)
Program Review Materials (Supplies and Materials Adoptions for Math and subsequent subjects) Review FY18-19; Adoption FY20.	\$ 371,880	\$ 371,880	\$ -
Total Enrollment Growth	\$1,511,445	\$ 1,315,519	\$(195,926)

	FY 19-FY 20 Override Budget Update		
	FY 20 Override Budget	FY20 Modification	FY20 Change
Subtotal New Revenue Needed for Maintenance of Effort Only	\$6,106,565	\$ 6,218,909	\$ 112,344
Maintenance of Effort - Balance/(Deficit)	\$ 697,285	\$ (326,874)	\$(1,024,159)

Strategic New Investments			
Personnel			
Professional Development: Override Budget Sr Dir Equity and embedded PD for Unit A	\$ 280,000	\$ 200,000	\$(80,000)
Athletics Staffing Moved from Revolving Fund		\$ 416,346	\$416,346
Expenses			
BHS Transportation - Implementation of Fee Based Bussing for South Brookline		\$ (8,600)	\$ (8,600)
Supplies and Materials - Original \$621k would remove supply lists sent home and expand with enrollment (\$50-\$135 range per pupil, by grade level); the \$89k remaining minimally addresses enrollment and price increases of supplies already provided by PSB	\$ 28,337	\$ (271,663) Base Budget Reduction	\$(300,000)
Other Expenses – Conferences, Dues, Travel, Etc.	\$ -	\$(260,207) Base Budget Reduction	\$(260,207)
NEASC - BHS	\$ 40,000	\$ 0	\$(40,000)
Pending Contract Negotiations: Additional funds for paraprofessional wages (full amount requested = \$529k; amount funded by SB = \$0; amount reserved by SC is \$148k)	\$ 148,947	\$ 148,947	\$ -
Public Buildings Division (Original Request \$625k, Opening Coolidge Corner School FY 2019/BHS FY 2021/Opening 9th School FY 2022; No override \$75k annually minimally meets inflation plus \$24,196 Town/School Partnership Correction. The Override does not address BHS opening, but begins to address maintenance needs)	\$ 200,000	Removed to Public Building Division	\$(200,000)
Total Strategic New Investments	\$ 697,284	\$ 224,823	\$(472,461)

Total New Investments to Operating Budget	\$6,803,849	\$ 6,443,732	\$(360,117)
Total New Revenue Needed for Maintenance of Effort and New Investments	\$1	\$ (626,697)	\$(626,698)
	(Over)/Under Avail Rev.		
Total Budget Request	\$120,597,270	\$120,169,049	\$(428,221)
Reconciling Items	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Published Budget	\$120,597,270	\$120,169,049	\$(428,221)
Budget (Deficit)/Balance	\$ (67,660)	\$ (626,254)	\$(558,594)
Offsets	\$(2,915,588)	\$ (2,487,337)	\$428,251
Town Appropriation	\$ 117,614,022	\$117,055,458	\$(558,564)

Section IV – Summary of Budget Revenues

While Section I of this overview details the major drivers and priorities of the entire budget, this section summarizes the most significant year-to-year changes in revenues. Full detail of expenditures can be found in the Program Budget Detail section.

1. Town/School Partnership Revenue: Estimated (\$626,254)
 - a. Forecast adjustments to FY 20 from original projection (Fall 2017) are the result of the Town developing their budget and adjusting for fluctuations in the following areas:
 - i. New Growth Estimates were reduced over the time period between the original projection and the Town/School Partnership for FY 20 and FY 21. Both fiscal years were negatively impacted by the reduction of New Growth. FY 21 will have a similar revenue reduction as seen in the adjustment for FY 20.
 - ii. Pensions, Workers Compensation, and Medicare: The reconciliation of known retirees, workers compensation, and Medicare costs resulted in a revenue decrease due to the need to increase the Retirement, Workers Compensation, and Medicare accounts for FY 20. The school department's share of the Pension liability went from 25% to 26%.
 - iii. Refuse and Sanitation Budget: An increase in the overall Refuse and Sanitation budget resulted in reducing school allocation of revenue by the Town/School Partnership.
 - iv. The final and much smaller portion of the revenue reduction is the school portion of budget growth in all Town shared expenses as part of the Town/School Partnership Document.
 - v. Health Insurance: The GIC Plan changes that occurred as part of the open enrollment period and the reconciliation of new plan participants resulted in a reduction in funding of the Health Insurance Benefit Line.

2. School Department Revenue Changes since 4/23/18: Net \$(406,714)
 - a. Materials Fee/Tuition Account: No change in Revenue Projection (+\$21,507)
 - b. Circuit Breaker: Updated to Budget Current Year (FY19) Reimbursement (+\$81,109)
 - c. Revolving Fund Reimbursement: Transfer and offset no longer allowed, expenses removed related personnel from operating budget and the Revenue Offset (-\$150,680) and moved expenses to Rental of Facilities Account.
 - d. Other Revenue: Eliminated as FY18 budget closing confirmed there is no funding source identified or available for this offset (-\$358,650).

The Public Schools of Brookline budget request from the Annual Town Meeting for FY 2020 is \$120,169,049, an increase of \$6,443,289. The revenues available to fund the budget request are \$626,254 less than is needed.

Program	Exp.	FY18 ACTUAL		FY19 Budget		FY20 BUDGET PRELIMINARY		FY20 PRELIM Bud - FY19 Bud Variance	
		FTE	EXP.	FTE	EXP.	FTE	EXP.	FTE	EXP.
Gross School Dept. Budget	Personnel	1,240.49	\$94,622,356	1,276.72	\$ 98,478,447	1,313.71	\$ 104,341,790	36.98	\$ 5,863,342
Expenditures	Services		\$9,741,002		\$ 10,542,721		\$ 11,674,558		\$ 1,131,837
	Supplies		\$1,922,502		\$ 2,051,297		\$ 1,869,406		\$ (181,892)
	Other		\$593,018		\$ 1,288,570		\$ 1,088,648		\$ (199,922)
	Capital		\$1,140,010		\$ 1,364,723		\$ 1,194,647		\$ (170,076)
	Total		\$ 108,018,889		\$ 113,725,760		\$ 120,169,049	5.67%	\$ 6,443,289

School Department Revenues

{Revenue Summary Chart Pending Final Town/School Partnership allocation}

Program	FY19 Budget		FY20 BUDGET PRELIMINARY		FY20 PRELIM Bud - FY19 Bud Variance	
	FTE	EXP.	FTE	EXP.	FTE	EXP.
School Dept. Revenues						
General Fund Appropriation		\$ 110,756,679				
BHS Fee Based Busing		\$ 75,000				
Total Town/School Partnership Revenue		\$ 110,831,679				
Tuition and Fees		\$ 696,016				
Circuit Breaker Funding		\$ 1,688,705				
Revolving Fund Reimbursement		\$ 150,680				
Other Revenue		\$ 358,680				
Total Revenue:		\$ 113,725,760				

The terms below define the lines in the above revenue chart that will be completed after the February 8 Town partnership Meeting.

General Fund Appropriation: As of January 15, 2019, estimated amount of funds received as part of the Town/School Partnership is \$6,298,779. Sources of funds are tax levy and additional local receipts. We anticipate this number to increase as Chapter 70 and GIC rates become known.

BHS Fee Based Busing Revolving Fund: The override included revenue and resources to support the first year of Fee Based busing for BHS student who live in South Brookline. The fee of \$400 was paid to the general fund in year one (FY 2019). FY 2020 requires a Revolving Fund to be established and for the fees and proportionate share of Transportation Costs to provide the service are charged directly to the fund. There is a subsidy for Fee Based Busing included of \$108,000 in the FY 2020 budget. All expenditures are provided for in the Revolving Fund as shown in the Revolving Fund Section of this budget. Financial assistance will be provided through the School Committee’s Financial Assistance Policy. The fee will be paid to a Revolving Fund authorized under M.G.L. Ch. 44, S 53 E ½ and or Chapter Ch. 71 § 68

Tuition and Fees: The Materials Fee program began in the 1960s. The School Committee policy publishes rates back to 1987-1988 school year. It is a program that has been maintained and currently provides for 199 students of Town and School Department employees. All participating employees use

payroll reduction for material fee payments unless they choose to pay in full in advance of the school year. FY2020 revenue is projected at \$717,523. In addition, the district is part of an one year SEVIS/Student Exchange Program and charges tuition for two students per year.

Circuit Breaker Funding: The Circuit Breaker reimbursement for FY 2019 (\$1,769,814; 72% reimbursement rate) serves as the base to calculate the FY 2020 revenue estimate. This practice began in FY 2019, when the district removed an additional \$500,000 from the Circuit Breaker account to reflect that all prior year reserves have been expended in balancing the FY 2017 and FY 2018 budgets. All reserves in this account have been expended and will be applied in the fiscal year received.

Circuit Breaker funds are recurring funds, but are subject to change each fiscal year. The amount per student that qualifies for reimbursement can change dramatically from one year to the next depending on prior-year actual circuit breaker eligible expenditures. The other change that occurs is the funding level provided by the legislature to this account. During FY 2019 we started with an estimated 65% Reimbursement rate to receiving additional funds and ending the fiscal year at 72%.

CIRCUIT BREAKER REIMBURSEMENT HISTORY									
Claim Year	Reimb Year	Eligible Students Claimed	Total Eligible Expenses	Foundation	Net Claim	Avg Claim Rate	% Change in Net Claim (\$)	% Reimb	Total Adjusted Reimb
FY 18	FY19	83	6,030,671	3,572,586	2,458,085	29,615	-5.38%	72.00%	1,769,814
FY 17	FY18	93	6,519,559	3,921,554	2,598,005	27,936	1.16%	72.10%	1,873,044
FY 16	FY17	69	5,134,386	2,891,700	2,242,686	32,503	1.09%	73.16%	1,640,674
FY 15	FY16	76	5,230,933	3,166,772	2,064,161	27,160	-7.25%	75.00%	1,548,121
FY 14	FY15	73	5,227,622	3,002,080	2,225,542	30,487	-21.04%	73.56%	1,637,136
FY 13	FY14	86	6,282,474	3,463,776	2,818,698	32,776	-1.84%	75.00%	2,114,026
FY 12	FY13	86	6,179,472	3,307,860	2,871,612	33,391		74.60%	2,142,130

History: During FY 2004, the Circuit Breaker Reimbursement Program replaced a program referred to as the 50/50 account, where the State paid 50% of the residential tuitions directly to the residential school in which the placement had been made, and the school district paid the remaining 50%. The current program reimburses a school district for students with disabilities who require individual education program (IEP) services that cost greater than four times the statewide foundation budget. In FY 2005, the state shifted from a pay-as you go reimbursement program for residential tuitions to a broader-based, but still-partial, special education reimbursement program. The 2004 legislation expanded the types of expenditures eligible for reimbursement. Each year, there is a potential for a change in the percentage of reimbursement utilized by the State within the Special Education Circuit Breaker Account.¹

Subject to appropriation, the state’s Circuit Breaker Fund reimburses the school district, for up to 75% of in-district and out-of-district student costs, which exceed four times the per pupil foundation amount.

¹A Primer on Financial Aspects of Special Education
<http://www.doe.mass.edu/finance/circuitbreaker/finance.html>

The state sets this amount annually as part of the annual state budget deliberations. Historically, the reimbursement rate has been between 35-75%. The district does not know the actual reimbursement rate for the fiscal year until after it submits its annual claim in July for the prior fiscal year expenditure activity. Eligible costs include instructional services, various types of therapies, and specialized equipment. Circuit Breaker specifically excludes transportation and building infrastructure costs. All Circuit Breaker funds received go into the Circuit Breaker Revolving Account, do not require further appropriation, and must be expended by the following June 30th.

Revolving Fund Reimbursement²: This revenue offset has been removed for FY 2020. It was intended to cover overhead costs associated with supporting fee-based programs operating under the authority of the School Committee. However, these costs should be charged directly to the specific revolving fund that generates the expense in accordance with statutory regulations and the Division of Local Services, Department Of Revenue. The district has removed this as an offset and moved expenditures in the operating budget to these funds for direct payment by the fund.

Other Revenue: Other Revenue was supposed to reflect the offset of one-time and non-recurring revenue that can be applied to the upcoming fiscal year. However, one-time funds are general fund receipts in accordance with statutory regulations and the Division of Local Services, Department Of Revenue, and should not be in any type of School Committee account under the rules provided by Chapter 71 or Chapter 40 and 44. If there are identifiable funds to which the expenditures should be charged, the expenses are noted as being transferred to those funds. FY 2020 removes this line as an offset as there are no revenue sources identified. Should one-time funds be received, they will be handled as required and outlined by municipal finance law.

² Revolving Funds for School Department Programs

<http://www.mass.gov/dor/docs/dls/training/revolvingfundchartschool.pdf>